## **CLAIMS**

We claim:

1	[0168] 1.(currently amended) A method comprising the steps of:
2	positioning a probe adjacent a tissue site of an animal including a human;
3	acquiring pre-injection data of the tissue site;
4	injecting a contrast agent into the animal at an injection site;
5	acquiring acquiring data before and after injection post-injection data of the tissue site;
6	performing a difference analysis between pre-injection data and post-injection data to detect,
7	localize, and quantify anatomical, morphological and/or functional features of the tissue site.

[0169] 2.(canceled)

[0170] 3.(canceled)

[0171] 4.(canceled)

[0172] 5.(canceled)

[0173] 6.(canceled)

[0174] 7.(canceled)

[0175] 8.(canceled)

[0176] 9.(canceled)

[0177] 10.(canceled)

[0178] 11.(canceled)

[0179] 12.(canceled)

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[0181] 14.(canceled)

[0182] 15.(canceled)

[0183] 16.(canceled)

[0184] 17.(canceled)

[0185] 18.(canceled)

[0186] 19.(canceled)

[0187] 20.(canceled)

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[0201] 34.(canceled)
[0202] 35.(canceled)

[0204] 37.(canceled)

[0205] 38.(canceled)

[0206] 39.(canceled)

[0207] 40.(canceled)

[0208] 41.(canceled)

- 1 [0209] 42.(new) The method of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
- prior to the injecting step, positioning a contrast agent delivery system adjacent the injection site.
- [0210] 43.(new) The method of claim 1, wherein the pre-injection data comprises a pre-injection data sequence of the tissue site acquired over a pre-injection period of time.
- [0211] 44.(new) The method of claim 1, wherein the post-injection data comprises a post-injection data sequence of the tissue site acquired over a post-injection period of time.

l	[0212] 45.(new)	The method of claim 1, wherein the difference analysis is between the pre-		
2	injection data seque	ence and post-injection data sequence.		
1	[0213] 46.(new)	The method of claim 1, wherein the injection site comprises a vessel.		
1	[0214] 47.(new)	The method of claim 46, wherein the vessel comprises an artery supply blood		
2	to the tissue site or	a vein removing blood from the tissue site.		
1	[0215] 48.(new)	The method of claim 46, wherein the tissue site is a vessel and the step of		
2	positioning the prob	be comprises the steps of:		
3	positioning	positioning a guide-catheter in the vessel; and		
4	positioning,	on the guide-catheter, a micro-catheter including the probe in the vessel adjacent		
5	the tissue site.			
1	[0216] 49.(new)	The method of claim 1, further including the step of:		
2	acquiring du	uring injection data sequence,		
3	wherein the	performing step further includes difference analyses of the pre-injection, during-		
4	injection and post-in	njection data sequences.		
1	[ <b>0217</b> ] 50.( <b>new</b> )	The method of claim 1, wherein the data comprises ultrasonic data.		
1	[0218] 51.(new)	The method of claim 49, wherein the data comprises ultrasonic data.		
1	[0219] 52.(new)	The method of claim 1, wherein the pre-injection data comprises a pre-		
2	injection data seque	ence of the tissue site acquired over a pre-injection period of time and the post-		
3	injection data comp	injection data comprises a post-injection data sequence of the tissue site acquired over a post-		
4	injection period of t	zime.		
1	[0220] 53.(new)	The method of claim 52, further comprising the step of:		
2	forming pre	phase-correlated data from the pre-injection data and post phase-correlated data		

5	from tr	ie post-injection	n data.
l	[0221]	54.(new)	The method of claim 53, further comprising the step of:
2		selecting a reg	ion of interest within the pre and post phase-correlated data.
	[0222]	55.(new)	The method of claim 54, further comprising the step of:
2		compensating	for relative motion of the region of interest in the pre an post phase-correlated
3	data.		
	[0223]	56.( <b>new</b> )	The method of claim 55, further comprising the step of:
2		filtering the m	otion compensating pre and post phase-correlated data.
	[0224]	57.(new)	The method of claim 56, further comprising the step of:
2		reconstruction	the filtered, motion compensated pre and post phase-correlated data.
-	[0225]	58.( <b>new</b> )	The method of claim 57, further comprising the step of:
		identifying enl	nancements in the region of interest as a function of a data acquisition time.
	[0226]	59.(new)	The method of claim 52, wherein the data acquisition times are from about
2	0.5 mir	nutes to about 3	0 minutes.
	[0227]	60.( <b>new</b> )	The method of claim 52, wherein the pre-injection data is acquired over a pre-
	injectio	on period of tim	e ranging from about 1 second to about 10 minutes and the post-injection data
}	is acqu	ired over a post	t-injection period of time ranging from about 1 second to about 20 minutes.
	[0228]	61.( <b>new</b> )	The method of claim 1, wherein the data is digitized and automatically sorted
	and bin	ned according t	to their temporal position in each of a sequence of cardiac phases over the total
	acquisi	tion time.	
	[0229]	62.(new)	The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
) ,		generating diff	erence data or image sequences between data or frames in the pre- and post-
		0	8 - 1 min or man or min pro min poor

3	injection data.			
1	[0230] 63.(new)	The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:		
2	performing	noise reduction on the data prior to difference analysis via mathematical		
3	averaging of tempor	ally correlated data or frames, where temporal correlated data or images are data		
4	or images binned at	a same point in a cardiac cycle.		
1	[0231] 64.(new)	The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:		
2	automatical	ly thresholding the difference data or images to separate regions of salient grey-		
3	level enhancements			
1	[0232] 65.(new)	The method of claims 64, further comprising the step of:		
2	color-coding the thresholded difference data or images to indicate a location and strength of			
3	the enhancements.			
1.	[0233] 66.(new)	The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:		
2	generating a	n animation of changes in enhancements over the total acquisition time of the		
3	difference data or ir	nages, thresholded data or images and/or the color-coded data or images.		
1	[0234] 67.(new)	The method of claim 66, wherein the animation corresponds temporally with		
2	the originally-acqui	the originally-acquired data in order to allow direct visual comparison between the original data an		
3	the processed data.			
1	[0235] 68.(new)	The method of claim 1, further comprising:		
2	computing a	computing a statistical measurement of an average enhancement per enhanced pixel for each		
3	difference data or in	difference data or image generated over the total acquisition time to quantify numerically a presence		
4	and amount of enha	ncements over time.		
1	[0236] 69.(new)	The method of claims 68, wherein the enhancements are evidence of vasa		
2	vasorum or other structures associated with the site.			

L	[0237] 70.(new) The method of claim 69, wherein the other structures include plaque, calcified
2	plaque, malignancy structure, malignancy vascularization.
1	[0238] 71.(new) The method of claim 1, wherein the probe is selected from the group
2	consisting of an ultrasound probe, a variable frequency ultrasound probe, a magnetic probe, a
3	photonic probe, a near Infrared probe, a terrahertz probe, microwave probe and combinations thereof.
1	[0239] 72.(new) The method of claim 1, wherein the contrast agent is selected from the group
2	consisting of microbubbles, magnetically active microbubbles, magnetically active nanoparticles,
3	near Infrared visible microbubbles, near Infrared visible nanoparticles, optically visible
4	microbubbles, optically visible nanoparticles, terrahertz visible microbubbles, terrahertz visible
5	nanoparticles, microwave visible microbubbles, microwave visible nanoparticles, red blood, cells
5	including magnetically active nanoparticles, near Infrared visible nanoparticles, optically visible
7	nanoparticles, terrahertz visible nanoparticles, microwave visible nanoparticles, and mixtures
3	thereof, and mixtures or combinations thereof.
l	[0240] 73.(new) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
2	exposing the tissue site, after contract agent injection, to a sonic energy at a frequency
3	sufficient to cause a position of each contrast agent to periodically change.
l	[0241] 74.(new) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
2	exposing the site, after contract agent injection, to a sonic energy at a frequency sufficient
3	to destroy the contrast agent.
l	[0242] 75.(new) A method comprising the steps of:
2	positioning a probe adjacent a tissue site of an animal including a human,
3	acquiring pre-altered blood flow data of the tissue site,
1	positioning a balloon in an artery supplying blood to or a vein removing blood from the tissue
5	site,
5	altering a blood flow to the tissue site by inflating or partially inflating the balloon,
7	acquiring during-altered blood flow data of the tissue site,

8	deflating the balloon,		
9	acquiring post-altered blood flow data of the tissue site,		
10	performing a difference analysis between pre-altered blood flow data, during-altered blood		
11	flow data and pos	st-altered blood flow data to detect, localize, and quantify anatomical,	
12	morphological and/o	or functional features of the tissue site	
1	[0243] 76.(new)	The method of claim 75, wherein the inflating and deflating steps are	
2	performed periodica	ally at a given periodicity.	
1	[0244] 77.(new)	The method of claim 75, wherein red blood cells act as a contrast agent.	
1	[0245] 78.(new)	A catheter apparatus comprising:	
2	a guide-cath	eter adapted to be inserted into a peripheral vessel of an animal including a	
3	human and positioned in a target vessel; and		
4	a contrast ag	gent delivery system designed to inject an amount of contrast agent into the	
5 .	vessel.		
1	[0246] 79.(new)	The apparatus of claim 78, further comprising:	
2	at least one g	guide-wire adapted to be extended from a distal end of the guide-catheter into	
3	the vessel; and		
4	at least one n	nicro-catheter having an central orifice and adapted to slide down the guide wire	
5	to a desired location	in the vessel.	
6	[ <b>0247</b> ] 80.(new)	The apparatus of claim 79, further comprising:	
7	a balloon ada	apted to augment a flow of blood in the vessel.	
1	[0248] 81.(new)	The apparatus of claim 79, wherein the micro-catheter includes a probe.	
1	[0249] 82.(new)	The apparatus of claim 79, wherein the micro-catheter includes a plurality of	
2	probes.		

1	[0250] 83.(new)	The apparatus of claim 79, wherein the contrast agent delivery system forms
2	a part of the micro-	atheter

- [0251] 84.(new) The apparatus of claim 79, wherein the contrast agent delivery system is upstream of the probe or probes.
- 1 [0252] 85.(new) The apparatus of claim 80, wherein the balloon is upstream of the probe.
- [0253] 86.(new) The apparatus of claim 81, wherein the probe is selected from the group consisting of an ultrasound probe, a variable frequency ultrasound probe, a magnetic probe, a photonic probe, a near Infrared probe, a terrahertz probe, microwave probe and combinations thereof.
  - [0254] 87.(new) The apparatus of claim 78, wherein the contrast agent is selected from the group consisting of microbubbles, magnetically active microbubbles, magnetically active nanoparticles, near Infrared visible microbubbles, near Infrared visible nanoparticles, optically visible microbubbles, optically visible nanoparticles, terrahertz visible microbubbles, microwave visible nanoparticles, red blood, cells including magnetically active nanoparticles, near Infrared visible nanoparticles, optically visible nanoparticles, terrahertz visible nanoparticles, microwave visible nanoparticles, and mixtures thereof, and mixtures or combinations thereof.

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